Overview: Students formulate an answer to the question "*How do the structures of organisms enable life's functions?*". Students continue to investigate explanations for the structure and functions of cells as the basic unit of life, of hierarch ical organization of interacting organ systems, and of the role of specialized cells and cell structures for maintenance and growth. The crosscutting concepts of structure and function, matter and energy, and systems and system models are called out as organizing concepts for the disciplinary core ideas. Students use critical reading, modeling, and conducting investigations. Students also use the science and engineering practices to demonstrate understanding of the disciplinary core ideas.

Overview	Standards for Science	Unit Focus	Essential Questions
Overview Unit 2 Cells & DNA	Standards for Science • HS-LS1-1 • HS-LS1-2 • HS-LS1-3 • HS-LS1-4 • HS-LS1-7	 Unit Focus Develop models to illustrate dependence of photosynthesis and cell respiration processes. Use models to illustrate movement of chromosomes during cellular division to generate new identical cells. Use models to illustrate genetic variation through the process of meiosis in generation of gametes. 	 Essential Questions How do organisms obtain and store energy? How do photosynthetic organisms convert the sun's energy into chemical energy? How does a cell produce a new cell? How does an organism maintain its chromosome number?
		 Model structure of DNA Model replication of DNA Create a visual representation to illustrate how changes in a DNA nucleotide sequence can result in a change in the polypeptide produced. 	• What is the molecule of life?

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Unit 2: Enduring Understandings	 The cell is the basic unit of structure and function in life. The processes of photosynthesis and cellular respiration of dependent upon each other, demonstrating supplemental dependence between autotrophs and heterotrophs. All cells arise from pre-existing cells. Species must have a mechanism to maintain its chromosome number. 	

	Standards		Pacing	
Curriculum Unit 2			Days	Unit Days
Unit 2:	HS-LS1-1	Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA determines the structure of proteins which carry out the essential functions of life through systems of specialized cells.	8	
Cells & DNA	HS-LS1-2	Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms	7	
	HS-LS1-3	Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that feedback mechanisms maintain homeostasis	10	46
	HS-LS1-4	Use a model to illustrate the role of cellular division (mitosis) and differentiation in producing and maintaining complex organisms.	15	
	HS-LS1-7	Develop a model to describe how food is rearranged through chemical reactions forming new molecules that support growth and/or release energy as this matter moves through an organism	6	
		Assessment, Re-teach and Extension	46	

Unit 2 Laboratory Biology			
Disciplinary Core Ideas	Indicator #	Indicator	
ETS1.A: Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems	HS-LS1-1	Construct an explanation based on	
The more precisely a design task's criteria and constraints can		evidence for how the structure of DNA	
be defined, the more likely it is that the designed solution will		determines the structure of proteins	
be successful. Specification of constraints includes		which carry out the essential functions	
consideration of scientific principles and other relevant		of life through systems of specialized	
knowledge that are likely to limit possible solutions. (MS-		cells.	
ETS1-1)	HS-LS1-2	Develop and use a model to illustrate the	
		hierarchical organization of interacting	
ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions		systems that provide specific functions	
A solution needs to be tested, and then modified on the basis		within multicellular organisms	
of the test results, in order to improve it. (MS-ETS1-4)	HS-LS1-3	Plan and conduct an investigation to	
		provide evidence that feedback	
ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution		mechanisms maintain homeostasis	
Although one design may not perform the best across all tests,	HS-LS1-4	Use argument based on empirical evidence	
identifying the characteristics of the design that performed the		and scientific reasoning to support an	
best in each test can provide useful information for the		explanation for how characteristic animal	
redesign process—that is, some of those characteristics may be		behaviors and specialized plant structures	
incorporated into the new design. (MS-ETS1-3)		affect the probability of successful	
		reproduction of animals and plants	
		respectively	

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HS-LS1-7	Develop a model to describe how food is
	rearranged through chemical reactions forming
	new molecules that support growth and/or
	release energy as this matter moves through an
	organism

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Unit 2 Laboratory Biology		
Assessment Plan		
Exploratory activities	• Quizzes	
• Warm-up activities	• Tests	
Individual/Group Lab report	 Authentic assessments and projects 	
Class discussions	• Exploratory activities	
Student Participation	• Presentations	
Teacher Observations	• Current Events	

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Resources	Activities	
	A cervices	
 Chromebooks Textbook Videostreaming BrainPOP Puzzlemaker: Game Based Learning Discovery Education Diversity, Equity & Inclusion Educational Resources https://www.nj.gov/education/standards/dei/ 	 Use various forms of expository writing-procedural writing, narrative writing, descriptive writing, labeling, as well as to create visuals, graphs, tables, diagrams and charts. Use scientific argumentation with exercises on writing claims, using evidence to support your claim and explaining the reasoning behind their claim. mini-lessons independent reading films website exploration discussions, dialogues debates partner or small group work student presentations, reports, journals, reflections, in-class assessments, written reports, essays, research, and homework reinforcement of prefix, suffix, root words to build upon general & disciplinary vocabulary 	
	actices and Exemplars	
1. Identifying similarities and differences	6. Cooperative learning	
2. Summarizing and note taking	7. Setting objectives and providing feedback	
3. Reinforcing effort and providing recognition	8. Generating and testing hypotheses	
4. Homework and practice	9. Cues, questions, and advance organizers	
5. Nonlinguistic representations	10. Manage response rates	

9.1 Personal Financial Literacy, 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, Preparation and Training & 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills

9.2.12.CAP.2: Develop college and career readiness skills by participating in opportunities such as structured learning experiences, apprenticeships, and dual enrollment programs.

9.2.12.CAP.3: Investigate how continuing education contributes to one's career and personal growth.

9.2.12.CAP.6: Identify transferable skills in career choices and design alternative career plans based on those skills.

9.4.12.CI.1: Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze, and use creative skills and ideas

9.4.12.CT.1: Identify problem-solving strategies used in the development of an innovative product or practice

9.4.12.CT.2: Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving

9.4.12.TL.1: Assess digital tools based on features such as accessibility options, capacities, and utility for accomplishing a specified task

9.4.12.TL.2: Generate data using formula-based calculations in a spreadsheet and draw conclusions about the data.

9.4.12.TL.3: Analyze the effectiveness of the process and quality of collaborative environments.

9.4.12.TL.4: Collaborate in online learning communities or social networks or virtual worlds to analyze and propose a resolution to a real-world problem

The implementation of the 21st Century skills and standards for students of the Winslow Township District is infused in an interdisciplinary format in a variety of curriculum areas that include, English language Arts, Mathematics, School Guidance, Social Studies, Technology, Visual and Performing Arts, Science, Physical Education and Health, and World Language.

Additional opportunities to address 9.1, 9.2 & 9.4:

Philadelphia Mint

https://www.usmint.gov/learn/kids/resources/educational-standards

Different ways to teach Financial Literacy.

https://www.makeuseof.com/tag/10-interactive-financial-websites-teach-kids-money-management-skills/

Modifications for Special Education/504

Students with special needs: Note: Teachers identify the modification they will use in the unit. Input via 504 and IEP plans will be implemented.

- Structure lessons around questions that are authentic, relate to students' interests, social/family background and knowledge of their community.
- Provide students with multiple choices for how they can represent their understandings (e.g. multisensory techniques-auditory/visual aids; pictures, illustrations, graphs, charts, data tables, multimedia, modeling).
- Provide opportunities for students to connect with people of similar backgrounds (e.g. conversations via digital tool such as SKYPE, experts from the community helping with a project, journal articles, and biographies).
- Provide multiple grouping opportunities for students to share their ideas and to encourage work among various backgrounds and cultures (e.g. multiple representation and multimodal experiences).
- Engage students with a variety of Science and Engineering practices to provide students with multiple entry points and multiple ways to demonstrate their understandings.
- Use project-based science learning to connect science with observable phenomena.
- Structure the learning around explaining or solving a social or community-based issue.
- Provide ELL students with multiple literacy strategies.
- Collaborate with after-school programs or clubs to extend learning opportunities.

Modifications for At-Risk Students

Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success.

- At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support.
- This may include parent consultation, basic skills review and differentiation strategies. With considerations to UDL, time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations
- Structure lessons around questions that are authentic, relate to students' interests, social/family background and knowledge of their community.
- Provide students with multiple choices for how they can represent their understandings (e.g. multisensory techniques-auditory/visual aids; pictures, illustrations, graphs, charts, data tables, multimedia, modeling).
- Provide opportunities for students to connect with people of similar backgrounds (e.g. conversations via digital tool such as SKYPE, experts from the community helping with a project, journal articles, and biographies).
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Unit 2: Cells & DNA			
English Language Learners	Modifications for Gifted Students		
All WIDA Can Do Descriptors can be found at this link: https://wida.wisc.edu/teach/can-do/descriptors Grades 9-12 WIDA Can Do Descriptors: Listening Speaking Reading Writing Oral Language Students will be provided with accommodations and modifications that may include: Relate to and identify commonalities in Social Studies studies in student's home country Assist with organization Use of computer Emphasize/highlight key concepts Teacher Modeling Peer Modeling Label Classroom Materials - Word Walls	 Students excelling in mastery of standards will be challenged with complex, high level challenges related to the topic. Raise levels of intellectual demands Require higher order thinking, communication, and leadership skills Differentiate content, process, or product according to student's readiness, interests, and/or learning styles Provide higher level texts Expand use of open-ended, abstract questions Critical and creative thinking activities that provide an emphasis on research and in-depth study Enrichment Activities/Project-Based Learning/ Independent Study Variety of Repertoire: 3- 5 extra song selections above and beyond expectation for non- auditioned class., high school level selection Additional Strategies may be located at the links: Gifted Programming Standards Webb's Depth of Knowledge Levels and/or Revised Bloom's Taxonomy. REVISED Bloom's Taxonomy Action Verbs 		

Interdisciplinary Connections

ELA:

RST.6-8.1 Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts.

RST.6-8.7 Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table).

SL.8.5 Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.

Math:

MP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.

MP.4 Model with mathematics.

6.RP.A.1 Understand the concept of a ratio and use ratio language to describe a ratio relationship between two quantities.

7.RP.A.2 Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities.

6.EE.B.6 Use variables to represent numbers and write expressions when solving a real-world or mathematical problem; understand that a variable can represent an unknown number, or, depending on the purpose at hand, any number in a specified set.

7.EE.B.6 Use variables to represent quantities in a real-world or mathematical problem, and construct simple equations and inequalities to solve problems by reasoning about the quantities.

Integration of Computer Science and Design Thinking NJSLS 8

8.1.12.IC.1: Evaluate the ways computing impacts personal, ethical, social, economic, and cultural practices.

8.1.12.DA.1: Create interactive data visualizations using software tools to help others better understand real world phenomena, including climate change.